



Hydraulic structures. Dams and reservoirs

Embankment dam engineering-3

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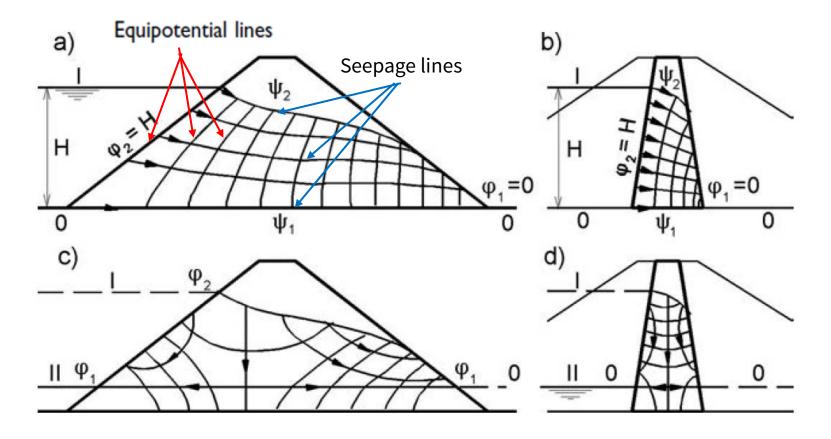
www.swarm.ni.ac.rs

Strengthening of master curricula in water resources management for the Western Balkans HEIs and stakeholders

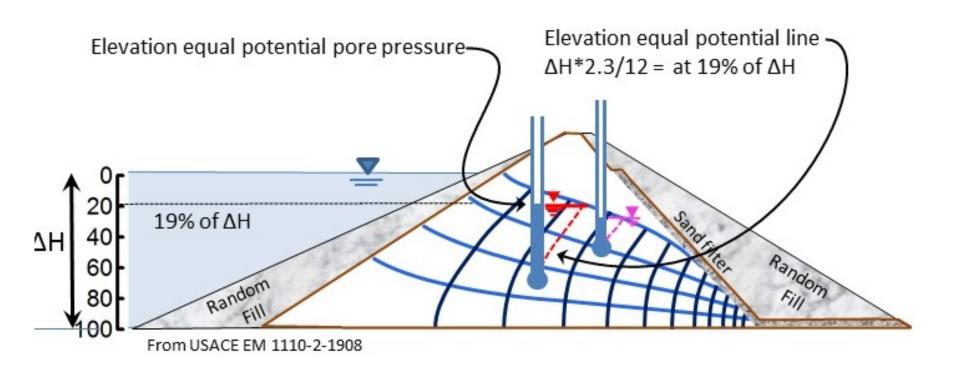
Project number: 597888-EPP-1-2018-1-RS-EPPKA2-CBHE-JP

SEEPAGE LINE AND HYDRODYNAMIC NET IN EMBANKMENT DAMS

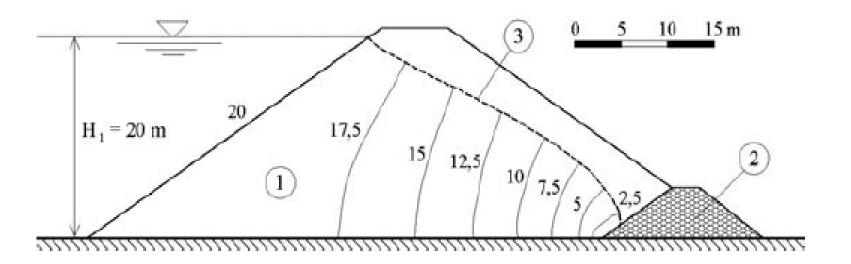
to determine the position of the top seepage line after the establishment of the stationary flow, which represents an upper boundary line of motion, there are a number of methods



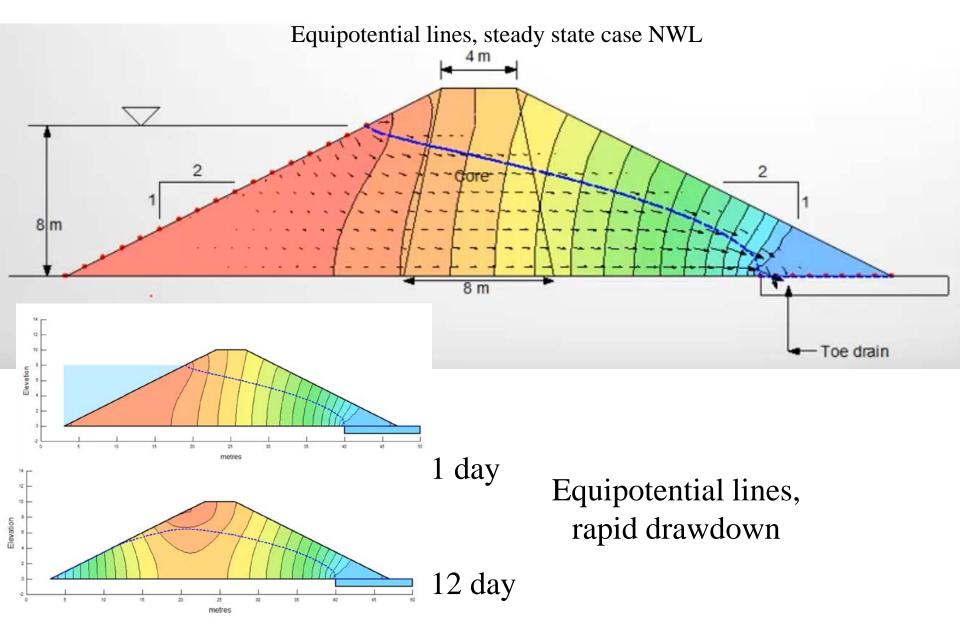
3 Hydrodynamic net through a homogeneous dam and through the core of an earth-rock dam.



in the example of a homogeneous earthfill dam Casagrande approximates the seepage line with a parabola



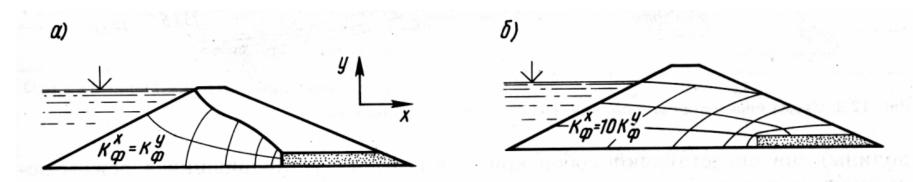
Equipotential lines (in metres) for a homogeneous dam on an impervious foundation for a stationary seepage flow, obtained by means of the finite element method using SEEP/W. (1) Dam's body of poorly permeable earth material; (2) drainage prism; (3) seepage line.



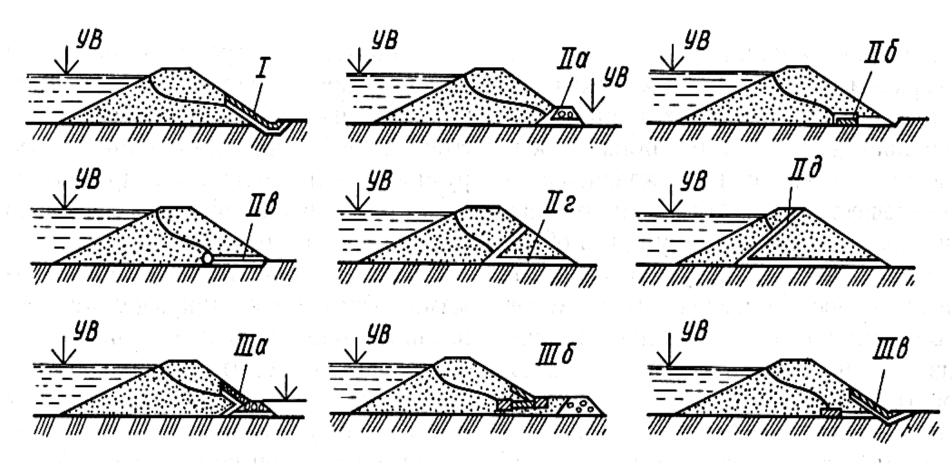
Control of seepage

Seepage within and under the embankment must be controlled to prevent internal erosion and migration of fine materials (from the core), or external erosion

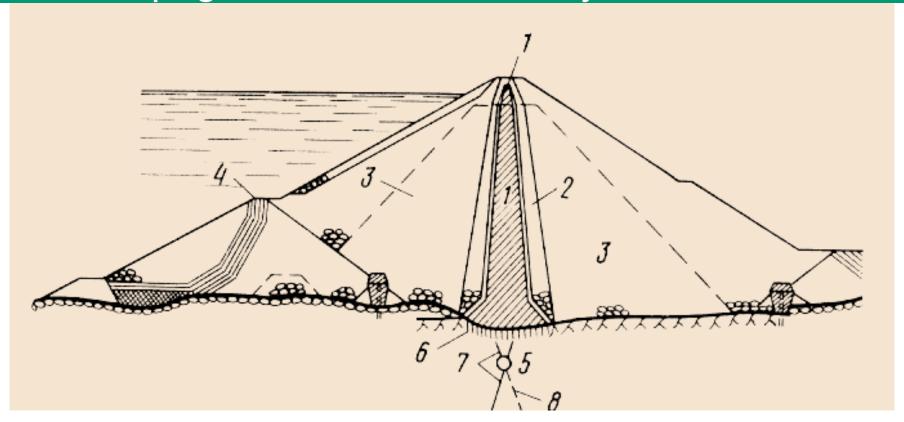
Seepage



Drainage



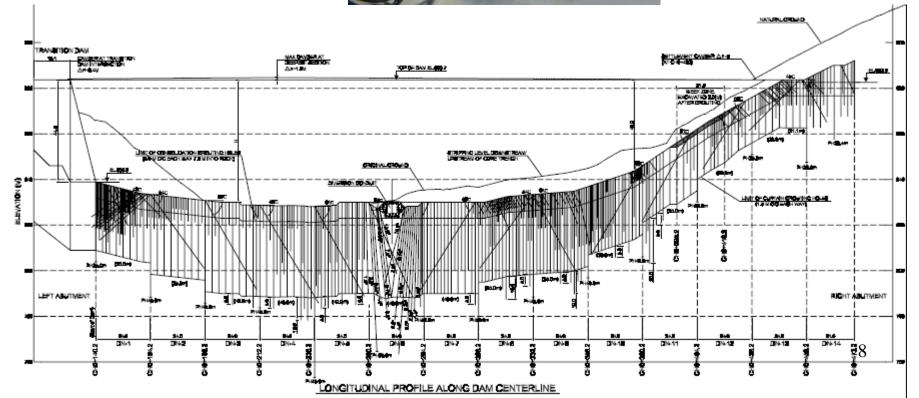
Seepage control in dam body and foundation

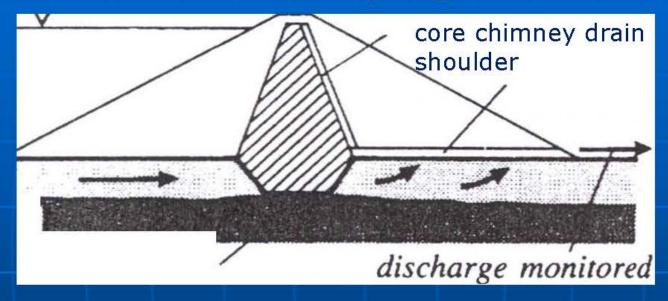




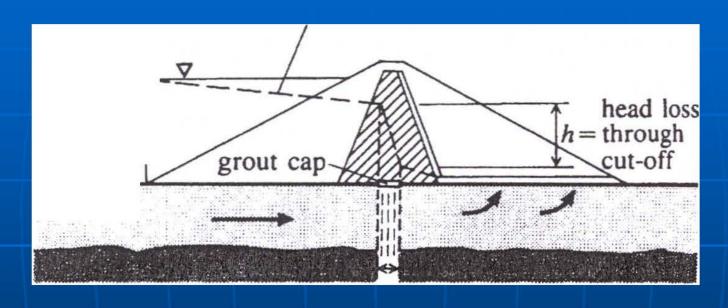
GROUT CURTAIN







(a) Open trench cut-off (to moderate depth only)

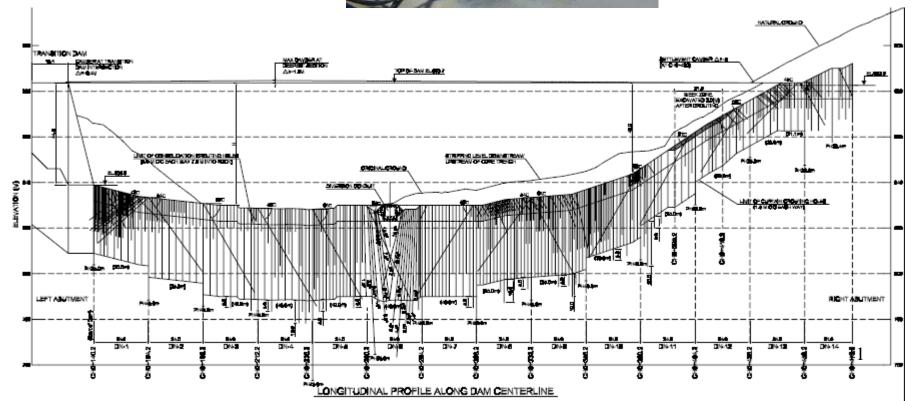


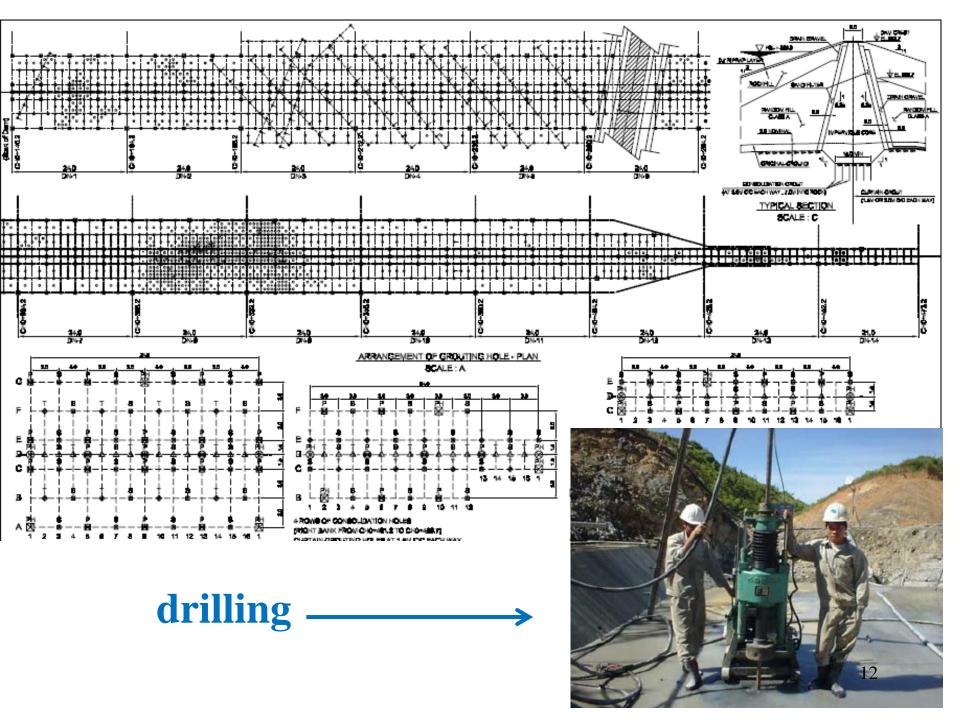
(b) Grouted cut-off (need not penetrate to impervious horizons)



GRAUTED CUT-OFF





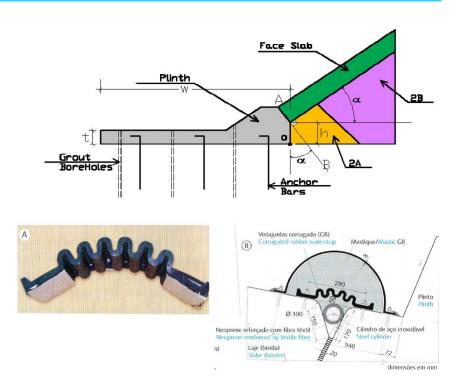




P, Mpa \rightarrow z of the plate

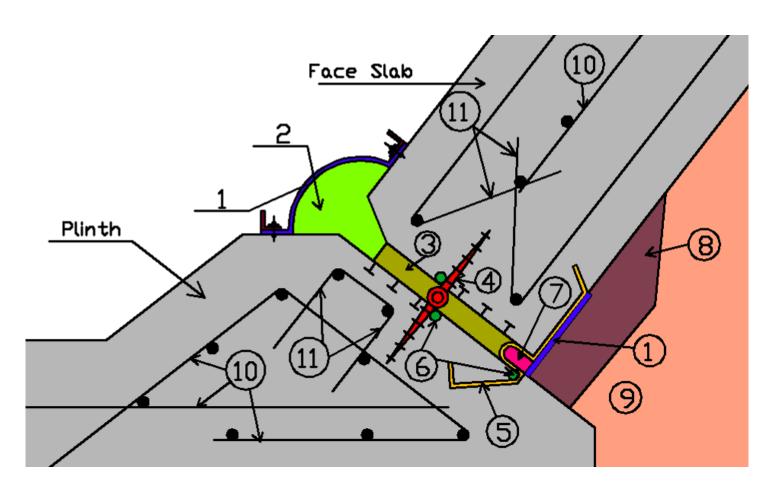




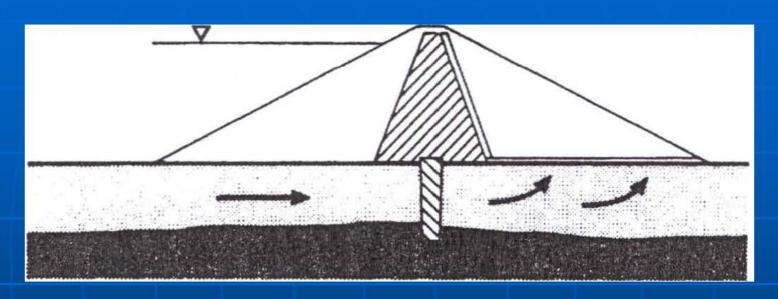


$$z = \frac{10^3 p}{n\gamma_b} m, p[MPa]$$

waterstops





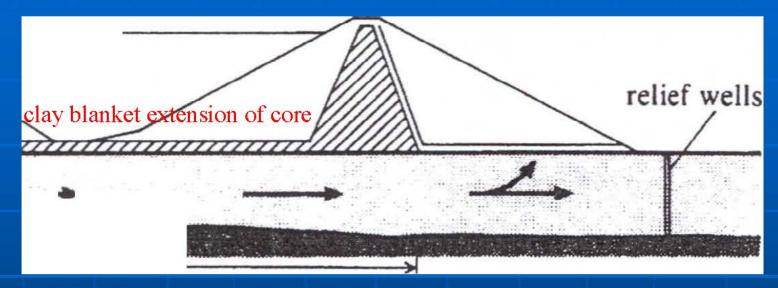


(c) Diaphragm cut-off (need not penetrate to impervious horizons)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w 3XeovI93M0

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_

NHhapkoUYk



(d) Upstream blanket (may employ underdrain with relief wells)

relief wells

